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SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 (GHS)

Product Name: ENDUROSET ESD2470 PART A (RESIN)

Revision Date: 12/01/2020

Revision Number: 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: ENDUROSET ESD2470 PART A (RESIN)

General Use: Polyurethane Isocyanate

Chemical Family: Isocyanate-terminated Prepolymer Product Use: For industrial and professional use only.

This material is used for the production of cast polyurethane elastomers and should

not be used for spray systems.

Supplier Details: Thermoset Solutions, LLC

8107 N Dort Hwy Mt. Morris, MI 48458

Phone: 800-775-3121 **Fax:** 989-715-0395

Email: info@thermosetsolutions.com

Emergency Phone: CHEMTREC US 1-800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Health, Respiratory Sensitization, 1

Health, Skin Sensitization, 1 B

Health, Skin corrosion/irritation, 2

Health, Carcinogenicity, 2

Health, Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure, 2

Health, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, 2 B

Health, Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure, 3

Health, Acute toxicity, 4 Inhalation

GHS Label Elements, including precautionary statements

GHS Signal Word: Danger

GHS Hazard Pictograms:



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GHS Hazard Statements:

- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms of breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
- H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.
- H373 May cause damage to the respiratory system through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
- H320 Causes eye irritation.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.

GHS Precautionary Statements:

- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P260 Do not breathe fumes, mist and vapors.
- P264 Wash skin and face thoroughly after handling.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area.
- P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.
- P284 In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection.
- P303+352 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Wash with plenty of soap and water.
- P304+340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P308+313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
- P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
- P333+311 If skin irritation occurs: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
- P337+311 If eye irritation persists: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
- P342 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a doctor or emergency medical facility (i.e. 911)
- P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
- P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- P405 Store locked up.
- P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with federal/state/local regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

Contains isocyanates. Inhalation of isocyanate mists or vapors may cause respiratory irritation, breathlessness, chest discomfort and reduced pulmonary function. Overexposure well above the PEL may result in bronchitis, bronchial spasms and pulmonary edema. Long term exposure due to isocyanates has been reported to cause lung damage, including reduced lung function which may be permanent. Acute or chronic overexposure to isocyanates may cause sensitization in some individuals, resulting in allergic respiratory reactions including wheezing, shortness of breath, and difficulty breathing. Animal test indicate that skin contact may a role in causing respiratory sensitization.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS NO.	Chemical name	Concentration (%)
101-68-8	4,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate	40 - 70 %
Proprietary	Modified MDI	10 - 30 %
84-74-2	Benzene-1,2-dicarboxylic acid di-n- butylester	< 15 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Move to an area free from further exposure. Extreme asthmatic reactions may occur in sensitized

persons can be life threatening. Get medical attention immediately. Administer oxygen or artificial respiration as needed. Asthmatic symptoms may develop and may be immediate or delayed up to

several hours.

Eyes: Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue

flushing for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention.

Skin: Flush skin with plenty of water for at least 5 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.

Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation or rash develops on affected

area. Wash clothing before reuse.

Ingestion: Call a physician immediately. Rinse mouth and drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Remove

stomach contents only as directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person.

Most important symptoms / effects Acute: Diisocyanate vapors or mist at concentrations above the TLV or PEL

can irritate (burning sensation) the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) causing runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing obstruction). Persons with a pre-existing, nonspecific bronchial hyperreactivity can respond to concentrations below the TLV or PEL with similar symptoms as well as asthma attack or asthma like symptoms. Exposure well above the TLV or PEL may lead to bronchitis, bronchial spasm, and pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs). Chemical or hypersensitivity pneumonitis, with flu like symptoms (e.g. fever, chills), has also been reported. These symptoms can be delayed up to several hours after exposure. These effects are usually reversible. Causes skin irritation with symptoms of reddening, itching, and swelling. Persons previously sensitized can experience allergic skin reaction with symptoms of reddening, itching, swelling, and rash. Cured material is difficult to remove. Contact with isocyanate can cause discoloration. Causes eye irritation with symptoms of reddening, tearing, stinging, and swelling. May cause temporary corneal injury. Vapor or aerosol may cause irritation with symptoms of burning and tearing. May cause irritation of the digestive tract. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. Delayed symptoms affecting the respiratory tract can also occur several hours after overexposure.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Suitable media includes water spray, foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical.

Recommendations:

Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and consider use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles for fighting large fires. Cool fire exposed containers with

water spray. Remove containers from the fire area if

possible. Do not release runoff from fire control methods to sewers or waterways.

Hazards: Nitrous gasses, fumes/smoke, isocyanate, vapor

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Evacuate personnel. Wear suitable PPE as described in section 8.

Environmental precautions: Prevent migration into groundwater, sewers, or streams. Land spills may require

excavation of contaminated soil. Material should not be released into the

environment.

Methods for cleaning up: Small Amounts: Absorb isocyanate with suitable absorbent material (see 40 CFR,

sections 260, 264 and 265 for further information). Shovel into open container. Do not make container pressure tight. Move container to well ventilated area (outside). Spill area can be decontaminated with the following recommended decontamination solution: Mixture of 90% water, 8% concentrated ammonia, 2% detergent. Add at a 10:1 ratio. Allow to stand for at least 48 hours to allow escape of evolved carbon

lioxide.

Large Amounts: If temporary control of isocyanate vapour is required, a blanket of protein foam or other suitable foam (available from most fire departments) may be placed over the spill. Transfer as much liquid as possible via pump or vacuum device

into closed but not sealed containers for disposal.

Residues: The following measures should be taken for final clean-up: Wash down spill area with decontamination solution. Allow solution to stand for at least 10

minutes. Dike spillage.

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7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General: Mix thoroughly before use.

Handling: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor

over open containers. Avoid open container exposure to damp air. Avoid breathing aerosols, mists, and vapors. Use appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Handle in a well ventilated area. Handle and use in a manner consistent with good industrial/manufacturing techniques

and practices.

Storage: Store material at ambient temperatures $(18^{\circ}\text{C} - 29^{\circ}\text{C})$ and pressure. Keep away from sources of direct heat and moisture. Keep container tightly closed when not in use, and seal with nitrogen blanket. Moisture contamination may evolve carbon dioxide gas, which may cause containers to pressurize. Material is stable under normal conditions. Segregate from bases.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls: Provide local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below the recommended

occupational exposure limits.

Personal Protective

Equipment: HMIS PP, C: Safety Glasses, Gloves, Apron

Type of protection (Minimum Suggested Equipment)

Hand: Chemical resistant gloves (i.e. nitrile, latex, butyl rubber)

Eye: Safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles

Skin: Impervious clothing, including but not limited to apron, full body suit, chemical resistant

shoes or shoe covers. Use long sleeves at a minimum.

Respiratory: If concentrations are above the occupational exposure limits, an approved

respirator should be used (air purifying or air supplied)

Additional: Emergency showers and eye wash stations should be available. Educate and train

employees in the safe use and handling of this product. Follow all label instructions.

Components with workplace control parameters:

Component	USA.ACGIH (TLV)	USA.OSHA – TABLE Z-1 1910.
4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)	TWA 0.0050 ppm Respiratory Sensitization	0.02 ppm 0.2 mg/m3
Modified MDI	NE	NE
Benzene-1,2-dicarboxylic acid di-n- butylester	5 mg/m3	5 mg/m3

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Yellow Physical State: Liquid

Odor Threshold: Slight aromatic odor Particle Size: No data available

Specific Gravity: 1.22

Viscosity: 50 Centipoise at 25°C (77°F)

Boiling Point: No data available

Flammability: N/A

Partition Coefficient: No data available

Vapor Pressure: 0.00001 mm Hg at 25°C (77°F)

PH: No data available
Evap. Rate: No data available
Decomp. Temp.: No data available
Odor: Slight aromatic odor

Solubility: Not soluble in water, Reacts with water

Freezing/Melting Pt: $10^{\circ}\text{C} (50^{\circ}\text{F})$

Flash Point: >200°C (Closed Cup)
Vapor Density: No data available
Auto-Ignition Temp: No data available

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UFL/LFL: No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: This product is stable under normal ambient conditions of temperature and pressure.

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid moisture, extreme temperatures, and contact with incompatible materials.

Materials to Avoid:Water, alcohols, amines, strong oxidizing agents, and strong bases.Hazardous Decomposition:Hydrogen cyanide, carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides, and isocyanate vapors.

Hazardous Polymerization: No dangerous reactions will occur under normal use/storage conditions. Contact with

moisture, other materials that react with isocyanates, or temperatures above 350F (177C), may

cause polymerization.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Chemical Name	Oral LD50 (rat)	Dermal LD50 (rabbit)	Inhalation LC50 (rat)
4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)	>9400 mg/kg	>9400 mg/kg	0.49 mg/l (4h)
Modified MDI	NE	NE	NE
Benzene-1,2-dicarboxylic acid di-n-butylester	>5 g/kg	>5 g/kg	>15.68 mg/l

Toxicity Data for 4,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI)

Skin Irritation: rabbit, Draize Test, Slightly irritating

Human, irritating

Eye Irritation: rabbit, Draize, Moderately irritating

Human, irritating

Sensitization: Skin sensitization (LLNA): positive (mouse, OECD Test Guideline 429)

Respiratory sensitization: positive (guinea pig)

Repeated Dose Toxicity: 90 days, inhalation: NOAEL:0.3 mg/m3, (rat Male/Female, 18hrs/day, 5 days/week)

Irritation to lungs and nasal cavity.

Human, irritation to lungs and nasal cavity.

Mutagenicity: Genetic Toxicity in Vitro:

Ames: (Salmonella typhimurium Metabolic Activation: with/without

Positive and negative results were reported. The use of certain solvents which rapidly

hydrolyze diisocyanates is suspected of producing the mutagenicity results.

Genetic Toxicity in Vivo: Micronucleus Assay: (mouse), negative

Micronucleus test: negative (rat, male, inhalative (exposure period: 3x1h/day over 3

weeks))

Carcinogenicity: Rat, Female, inhalation, 2 years, 17 hrs/day, 5 days/week, negative

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecological Data for 4,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI) Acute and Prolonged

Toxicity to Fish: LC50: > 500 mg/l (Zebra fish (Brachydanio rerio), 24 h)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic

Invertebrates: EC50: > 500 mg/l (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 24 h)

Persistence and degradability: Product is not biodegradable.

Ecological Data for Benzene-1,2-dicarboxylic acid di-n-butylester

Toxicity to Fish: LC50: 0.32 mg/l (Pimephales promelas), 96 h)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic

Invertebrates: EC50: 2.99 mg/l (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h)

Persistence and degradability: Product is readily biodegradable.

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13. DISPOSAL INFORMATION

Waste treatment methods: Follow all applicable local, state, and federal disposal regulations.

Spillage in sewers or watercourses is not allowed.

The residues, including the empty containers, must be eliminated in a controlled manner. The empty containers must be recycled, recovered or eliminated by authorised and/or qualified administrators. In any case, the treatment adopted must be carried out in a licensed facility. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers since residue is difficult to remove. Do not burn or cut open with gas or electric torch as toxic decomposition products may be liberated. Do not reuse empty containers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT / IMDG / IATA / ICAO: Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Component (CAS#) [%] - CODES

RQ (5000LBS), 4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8) [40-70%] CERCLA, HAP, MASS, NJHS, OSHAWAC, PA, SARA313, TSCA, TXAIR

RQ (10LBS), Benzene-1,2-dicarboxylic acid di-n-butylester (84-74-2) [<15%] CERCLA

California Prop 65:

This product contains chemical(s) which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm, and may be subject to the requirements of California Proposition 65 (CA Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5):

Chemical Name	Weight %	Listed
Dibutyl phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)	< 15%	Reproductive

Regulatory Code Descriptions

RQ: Reportable Quantity

CERCLA: Superfund clean-up substance HAP: Hazardous Air Pollutants

MASS: MA Massachusetts Hazardous Substances List NJHS: NJ Right-to-know Hazardous Substances

OSHAWAC: OSHA Workplace Air Contaminants

PA: PA Right-To-Know List of Hazardous Substances

SARA313: SARA 313 Title III Toxic Chemicals TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act

TXAIR: TX Air Contaminants with Health Effects Screening Level

16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS III: Health = 2 (chronic), Fire = 1, Physical Hazard = 1

HMIS PPE: C – Safety Glasses, Gloves, Apron

Manufacturer Disclaimer: This SDS complies with 29 CFR 1910.1200 (The Hazard Communication Standard, USA) and GHS. Although the information and recommendations set forth herein (hereinafter "information") are presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date hereof, Thermoset Solutions, LLC makes no representations as to the completeness or accuracy thereof. Information is supplied upon the condition that persons receiving same will make their own determination as to its suitability for their purpose prior to use. In no event will Thermoset Solutions, LLC be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use of, misuse or reliance upon information. No representations or warranties either express or implied, or merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose or any other nature are made hereunder with respect to information or the product to which information refers. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ from on location to another. It is the buyer's responsibility to ensure its activities comply with federal, state or provincial and local laws and regulations.







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